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IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below. Please note that the status of the claims as given in the response to the restriction requirement was incorrect. The correct status in view of the amendments made herein is given.

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- 1. (previously presented) A method of obtaining nuclear magnetic resonance signals from 1 2 a fluid obtained from an earth formation, comprising:
- 3 conveying said fluid into a nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) sensor in a (a) borehole in said earth formation:
- 5 (b) enhancing a polarization of a nuclear spin of a nucleus occurring in said 6 fluid; and
- 7 using said NMR sensor for obtaining NMR signals from said fluid. (c)

1 2. (original)The method of claim 1 wherein enhancing said polarization of said nuclear 2 spin is based at least in part on the Overhauser effect (OE).

1 3. (original)The method of claim 1 wherein enhancing said polarization of said nuclear 2 spin is based at least in part on the Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE).

1 4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein enhancing said polarization of said nuclear 2 spin is based at least in part on optical pumping.

5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein enhancing said polarization of said nuclear

2	spin is based at least in part on a Spin Induced Nuclear Overhauser Effect		
3	(SPINOE).		
4			
1	6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein enhancing said nuclear spin polarization		
2	further comprises:		
3	(i) introducing a polarizing agent into said fluid; and		
4	(ii) polarizing a spin of said polarizing agent, and		
5	(iii) transferring a polarization of said polarized agent to said nuclear spin.		
6			
1	7. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising conveying said sensor downhole		
2	on a wireline device.		
3			
1	8. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising conveying said sensor downhole		
2	on a measurement-while-drilling tool.		
3			
1	9. (original) The method of claim 6, wherein said polarizing agent further comprises a		
2	noble gas.		
3			
1	10. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein said polarizing agent further		
2	comprises xenon.		
3			
1	11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said nucleus occurring in said fluid further		

2	comprises a carbon-13 nucleus present in at least one of: i) an aliphatic		
3	hydrocarbon, ii) an aromatic hydrocarbon,, iii) a connate formation fluid, and,		
4	(iv) a mud filtrate.		
5			
1	12. (original) The method of claim 6, wherein said polarizing said spin of said polarizing		
2	agent further comprises a spin exchange with an intermediate material.		
3			
1	13. (original) The method of claim 12 wherein said intermediate material comprises		
2	rubidium.		
3			
1	14. (original) The method of claim 12 further comprising irradiating said intermediate		
2	material with a laser to move electrons of said intermediate material to a higher		
3	quantum state		
4			
1	15. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein obtaining said nuclear magnetic resonance		
2	signal further comprises:		
3	i) conveying said fluid within a chamber of said sensor;		
4	ii) providing a substantially homogeneous static magnetic field in said		
5	chamber;		
5	iii) applying a radio frequency pulse sequence to said fluid with at least one		
7	transmitter; and		
3	iv) obtaining NMR signals from said fluid in response to said radio frequency		

9	pulse sequence at at least one receiver antenna.		
10			
1	16. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein obtaining said NMR signals further		
2	comprises obtaining spin echo signals.		
3			
ì	17. (original) The method of claim 16 further comprising:		
2	(i) summing amplitudes of said spin echo measurements		
3	(ii) spectrally analyzing said summed amplitudes;		
4	(iii) determining whether aromatic hydrocarbons are present in said fluid		
5	sample by measuring an amplitude of said spectrally analyzed summed		
6	amplitudes at about 130 parts per million shift from a ¹³ C resonant		
7	frequency and determining whether aliphatic hydrocarbons are present in		
8	said fluid sample by measuring an amplitude of said spectrally analyzed		
9	summed amplitudes at about 30 parts per million frequency shift from said		
10	¹³ C resonant frequency.		
11			
l	18. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said NMR signals comprise a free induction		
2	decay.		
3			
1	19. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said NMR signals are CW NMR signals to		
2	obtain frequency spectra from which chemical shift information is obtained to		
3	analyze the chemical composition of the sample under test.		

1	20. (original) The method of claim 18 where the free induction decay is transformed into
2	a frequency spectrum for analyzing chemical composition from the chemical shift
3	information.
4	
1	21. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said NMR signals are associated with a
2	nuclear spin of ¹³ C.
3	
1	22. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein said NMR signals are associated with a
2	nuclear spin of ¹³ C.
3	
l	23. (original) The method of claim 22 wherein providing said substantially
2	homogeneous static magnetic field further comprises using additional NMR
3	signals associated with ¹ H.
1	
l	24. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein providing said substantially
2	homogeneous static magnetic field further comprises using additional NMR
3	signals associated with ¹ H.
4	
l	25. (original) The method of claim 2 further comprising radiating RF into an ESR-active
2	agent at an ESR frequency of said agent and thereby enhancing the spin
3	polarization of atomic nuclei.

4			
1	26. (original) The method of claim 3 further comprising changing a nuclear spin		
2	polarization of carbon-13 nuclei in said fluid by radiating RF at a NMR		
3	frequency of hydrogen nuclei.		
4			
1	27-41. Withdrawn		
2			
1	42. (currently amended) An apparatus for use in a borehole in an earth formation for		
2	obtaining nuclear magnetic resonance signals from a fluid obtained from said		
3	formation, comprising:		
4	(a) a nuclear magnetic resonance sensor;		
5	(b) a device for enhancing which enhances a polarization of a nuclear spin of		
6	a nucleus occurring in said fluid; and		
7	(c) a processor for analyzing which analyzes NMR signals obtained by said		
8	NMR sensor from said fluid.		
9			
1	43. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said device for enhancing said		
2	polarization of said nuclear spin uses the Overhauser effect (OE).		
3			
1	44. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said device for enhancing said		
2 .	polarization of said nuclear spin uses the Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE).		
3			

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1	45. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said device for enhancing said		
2	polarization of said nuclear spin uses optical pumping.		
3			
1	46. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said device for enhancing said		
2	polarization of said nuclear spin uses a Spin Induced Nuclear Overhauser Effect		
3	(SPINOE).		
4			
1	47. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said device for enhancing said nuclear		
2	spin further comprises:		
3	(i) an arrangement for introducing a polarizing agent into said fluid; and		
4	(ii) an arrangement for polarizing a spin of said polarizing agent,		
5			
1	48. (original) The apparatus of claim 47, wherein said polarizing agent further comprises		
2	a noble gas		
3			
1	49. (original) The apparatus of claim 48, wherein said polarizing agent further comprises		
2	xenon.		
3			
1	50. (original) The apparatus of claim 42, wherein said nucleus occurring in said fluid		
2	further comprises a carbon-13 nucleus present in at least one of: i) an aliphatic		
3	hydrocarbon, ii) an aromatic hydrocarbon,, iii) a connate formation fluid, and,		
4	(iv) a mud filtrate.		

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5			
1	51. (original) The apparatus of claim 47, wherein said polarizing said spin of said		
2	polarizing agent further comprises a spin exchange with an intermediate materia		
3			
1	52. (original) The apparatus of claim 51 wherein said intermediate material		
2	comprises rubidium.		
3			
1	53. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 51 further comprising a laser to move		
2	which moves electrons from the S to the P quantum state of said intermediate		
3	material.		
4	,		
1	54. (currently am	ended) The apparatus of claim 42, further comprising:	
2	i) a:	fluid chamber;	
3	ii) a	magnet arrangement for providing which provides a substantially	
4	ho	omogeneous static magnetic field in said chamber;	
5	iii) a	transmitter for applying which applies a radio frequency magnetic field	
6	to	said fluid;	
7	iv) a	receiver for obtaining which obtains NMR signals from said fluid in	
8	re	sponse to said radio frequency magnetic field.	
9			
1	55. (original) The	e apparatus of claim 42 wherein said NMR signals further comprise	
2	obtaining spin echo signals.		

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3		
1	56. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 55 further comprising:	
2	a processor for which:	
3	(i)	summing sums amplitudes of said spin echo measurements;
4	(ii)	spectrally analyzing analyzes said summed amplitudes; and
5	(iii)	determining determines whether aromatic hydrocarbons are present in said
6		fluid
7		sample by measuring an amplitude of said spectrally analyzed summed
8		amplitudes at a first frequency shift from a 13C resonant frequency and
9 .		determining whether aliphatic hydrocarbons are present in said fluid
10		sample by measuring an amplitude of said spectrally analyzed summed
11		amplitudes at a second frequency shift from said ¹³ C resonant frequency.
12		
1	57. (original)	The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said NMR signals comprise a free
2	induct	tion decay.
3		
1	58. (original)The apparatus of claim 57 where said processor transforms the free	
2	induction decay into a frequency spectrum for analyzing chemical composition	
3	from t	he chemical shift information.
4		
1	59. (currently	amended)The apparatus of claim 42 where said NMR signals comprise a
2	CW fi	equency spectrum for analyzing chemical composition from the chemical

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3	shit information.	
4		
5	60. (original) The apparatus of claim 42 wherein said NMR signals are associated with a	
2	nuclear spin of ¹³ C.	
3		
l	61. (original) The apparatus of claim 53 wherein said NMR signals are associated with a	
2	nuclear spin of ¹³ C.	
3		
1	62. (original) The apparatus of claim 43 wherein said NMR sensor includes a transmitter	
2	that applies an RF magnetic field to said fluid at an electron spin resonance	
3	(ESR) frequency of an ESR-active agent	
4	·	
1	63. (original) The apparatus of claim 44 wherein said NMR sensor includes a	
2	transmitter that applies an RF magnetic field to said fluid at nuclear resonance	
3	frequency of hydrogen nuclei in said fluid.	
4		
1	64 - 75 Withdrawn	
2		
1	76. (currently amended) A system for obtaining nuclear magnetic resonance signals from	
2	a fluid obtained from an earth formation, comprising:	
3	(a) a logging tool including a nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) sensor;	
4	(b) a conveyance device for conveying which conveys said fluid into a	

5	chamber of said (NMR) sensor;		
6	(c)	an arrangement for enhancing which enhances a polarization of a nuclear	
7		spin of a nucleus occurring in said fluid;	
8	(d)	a processor for determining which determines from signals obtained by	
9		said NMR sensor a property of said fluid; and	
10	(e)	a conveyance device for conveying which conveys said logging tool into	
11		said earth formation.	
12			
1	77. (original)	The system of claim 76 wherein said conveyance device in (c) is selected	
2	from the group consisting of (i) a wireline, and, (ii) a drilling tubular, and, (iii)		
3	coiled tubing.		
4			
1	78. (original)	The system of claim 76 wherein said arrangement in (c) uses at least one of	
2	(i) the	Overhauser Effect (OE), (ii) the Nuclear Overhauser Effect (NOE), (iii)	
3	optical	l pumping or (iv) Spin Polarization Induced Nuclear Overhauser Effect	
4	(SPIN	OE).	
5			
1	79. (original)	The system of claim 76 wherein said arrangement in (c) uses at least one of	
2	(i) a no	oble gas, (ii) xenon, (iii) an alkaline metal, and, (iv) rubidium.	
3			
1	80. (currently	amended) The system of claim 76 further comprising a laser for optical	
2	pumpi	ng of optically pumps at least one of (i) a noble gas, and, (ii) xenon.	

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1 81-86. Withdrawn

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